

1. Complete the C program below so that it will use the formula  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  to calculate the volume  $V$  of a sphere of radius  $r$ . (Be careful in translating this formula into C.) Then print the value with 5 digits to the right of the decimal point.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    double r = 4.2; /* sorry for typo, putting V instead of r */
    /* put answer below */

    double pi = 3.14159265358979; /* don't need this many digits */
    double V;
    V = (4.0/3.0)*pi*r*r*r; /* note: (4/3) == 1 */
    printf("V = %.5f\n", V); /* or %0.5f or %9.5f etc. */
}
```

2. What values will be printed by the following program? (Show your work.)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a, b; /* remember: a and b are integers */
    a = 2 + 3*4;
    printf("a = %d\n", a);
    b = 2*3 + 15%4 + 1/4;
    printf("b = %d\n", b);
}
```

$a = 2 + 12 = 14$

$b = 6 + 3 + 0 = 9$

( $15\%3 =$  remainder when 15 is divided by 3)

( $1/4$  is integer division, so it is 0)

3. Consider the following C program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int income, tax;
    scanf("%d", &income);
    tax = 500;
    if (income < 8000) tax = 1000;
    else if (income <= 10000) tax = 1500;
    else if (income <= 12000) tax = 2000;
    else tax = 2500;
    printf("Income: %d, tax: %d\n", income, tax);
}
```

- a. What will this program print if we type "11000" for the input?

Income: 11000, tax: 2000

- b. One part of the program has no effect on the value printed, no matter what the value of **income** is. What is this part?

tax = 500;

- c. Fill in values of **tax** for the given ranges at the right:

income	tax
< 8000	1000
8000 – 10000	1500
10001 – 12000	2000
> 12000	2500