CS 2213-001 Advanced Programming

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Homework 2 **Due date: check BB**!!!! NO LATE HOMEWORK WILL BE ACCEPTED !!! Total 5 points

Background (from our textbook)

In the last several years, a new logic puzzle called Sudoku has become quite popular throughout the world. In Sudoku, you start with a 9 x 9 grid of integers in which some of the cells have been filled in with digits between 1 and 9. Your job in the puzzle is to fill in each of the empty spaces with a digit between 1 and 9 so that each digit appears exactly once in each row, each column, and each of the smaller 3 x 3 squares. Each Sudoku puzzle is carefully constructed so that there is only one solution. For example, given the puzzle shown on the left of the following diagram, the unique solution is shown on the right:

		2	4		5	8		
	4	1	8				2	
6				7			3	9
2				3			9	6
		9	6		7	1		
1	7			5				3
9	6			8				1
	2				9	5	6	
		8	3		6	9		

3	9	2	4	6	5	8	1	7
7	4	1	8	9	3	6	2	5
6	8	5	2	7	1	4	3	9
2	5	4	1	3	8	7	9	6
8	3	9	6	2	7	1	5	4
1	7	6	9	5	4	2	8	3
9	6	7	5	8	2	3	4	1
4	2	3	7	1	9	5	6	8
5	1	8	3	4	6	9	7	2

HW-Sudoku:

Currently you may not have learned the algorithmic strategies that you need to solve Sudoku puzzles. But you can easily declare a data structure to represent a Sudoko puzzle, write some functions to read Sudoko puzzle from keyboard/file, check if a proposed solution follows the Sudoku rules against duplicating values in a row, column, or outlined 3 x 3 square. You can also write another function which can list the possible values for each empty cell according to Sudoku rules. If needed, we will discuss Sudoko rules in class using the slide 110 in Ch02.ppt

So instead of asking you to write a program that can solve a Sudoko puzzle, which will be hard, you are asked to write a program that can do some of the simple things mentioned above. Specifically, your program must do the followings:

- 1. Declare a minimum size data structure to store the values of a Sudoko puzzle (suppose empty cells will have the value of 0 while the other cells will have values from 1 to 9).
- 2. Then ask user if he/she wants to enter data for a sudoku puzzle or a sudoku solution. Suppose user enters 1 to enter a puzzle or 2 to enter a solution to be checked.

3. Write/call a function that asks user to enter the values for a Sudoku puzzle or solution and saves these values into the data structure you declared in the previous item. User is expected to enter a number between 0 and 9 for each cell in case of a puzzle. Zero is for empty cells, 1-9 are for other cells. In case of a solution, user is expected to enter only the values between 1 and 9. Your program should reject invalid values. (I am sure you are wondering if you have to enter 82 values by hand. Unfortunately, yes: (until we learn how to read data files in ch3. But there is another option: you develop your program as if you will read the values from user. But when you are running the program, the operating system's redirection mechanism will help you to read these values from a file so you don't need to enter them by hand every time. Here how that option works: suppose you implement your program called hw2

If you run it as follows,

```
main212> hw2
```

it will ask you to enter the option (1 for puzzle or 2 for solution data) and then enter 81 values by hand. After you enter the values, the program will work.

But if you first save puzzle or solution data into a file (say puzzle1.txt) and then run the program as follows using redirection,

```
main212> hw2 < puzzle1.txt</pre>
```

the operating system will read the numbers from the file puzzle1.txt and pass the values to the program when it executes scanf("%d", &value); so you won't need to enter anything by hand. But you need to create puzzle1.txt and put 82 values in it, for example here is the file for the puzzle given above.

```
0 0 2 4 0 5 8 0 0
0 4 1 8 0 0 0 2 0
6 0 0 0 7 0 0 3 9
2 0 0 0 3 0 0 9 6
0 0 9 6 0 7 1 0 0
1 7 0 0 5 0 0 0 3
9 6 0 0 8 0 0 0 1
0 2 0 0 0 9 5 6 0
0 0 8 3 0 6 9 0 0
```

I post this file and a sudoku solution file on BB so you can download them and save under the same directory where you will develop your hw02.c. You can create other files too. we will check your programs using other files as well...

- 4. If the given data is a sudoku solution, write/call a function that checks and returns TRUE (1) if the solution is a valid one according to Sudoku rules.
- 5. Else (it is a puzzle) write/call a function that, for each empty cell, verifies that this could be valid puzzle somewhat using the same function in previous item and then prints the possible values that may go into that cell according to Sudoko rules.
- 6. You may develop some other utility functions that may be helpful for the functions in previous items (try to avoid the same codes that are doing the same things in different parts of your program).

7. (OPTIONAL: You can try to develop some simple strategies and implement them to partially or fully solve the puzzle, but this will not affect your grade:)

What to return: !!!! NO LATE HOMEWORK WILL BE ACCEPTED !!!

- Follow the problem solving methodology, and solve the problem(s).
 Then convert your solution(s) to a C program. Include /* comments
 */ so that we can understand your solution(s). You can name your program as hw02.c
- 2. Compile and run it. Copy/paste the result in an output file, say out2.txt. (or you can use **script** command in linux as follows)

> script out1.txt # saves everything into out1.txt until you hit ctrl-d >hw01

...

- 3. Zip your files hw02.c and out02.txt as a .zip file
- 4. Go to BB Learn, and submit your .zip file as an attachment before the deadline.
- /* Don't forget to include comments about the problem, yourself and each major step in your program! */

You must submit your work using Blackboard Learn and respect the following rules:

- 1) All assignments must be submitted as either a zip or tar archive file unless it is a single pdf file.
- 2) Assignments must include all source code.
- 3) Assignments must include an output.txt file which demonstrates the final test output run by the student.
- 4) If your assignment does not run/compile, the output.txt file should include an explanation of what was accomplished, what the error message was that prevented the student from finishing the assignment and what the student BELIEVES to be the underlying cause of the error.

HINT:

To minimize the size of the structure that holds Sudoku puzzle, you can use char as the smallest type to hold integer values between 0 and 9. So you can define your puzzle as char puzzle[9][9]; But then be careful when reading integer values into a char variable with scanf; for example char ch;

```
scanf ("%d", &ch); /* may give segmentation fault or be wrong, why? */
```

here is some hint to get around this problem. I assume you will have the following declarations in this hw. If not, declare them as follows...

```
int UserChoice, tmp;
char puzzle[9][9];
/* ... */
scanf("%d",&UserChoice);
if (UserChoice == 1 || UserChoice == 2 ) ....
```

when you are reading values for the puzzle/solution into 9x9 char array, do the following:

```
for(i=0; i<9; i++) {
   for(j=0; j< 9; j++) {
      scanf("%d", &tmp);</pre>
```

```
puzzle[i][j] = tmp;
/* just
    scanf("%d", &puzzle[i][j]);
    would be wrong! why? */
}
```

BTW, the above problem does not happen with printf, why? So when you need to print a value stored in puzzle[i][j], you can simply say

```
printf("%d ", puzzle[i][j]);
```