

Name:.....

Q4

CS 1713 Intro to Programming II

1. (5pt) Trace the following C program: Show the output and how the values of each variable change in memory:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Declare variables. */
    int i, j;

    for(i=1; i<=6; i++) {
        if (i%2==0) continue;
        j = i;
        while(j <= 6) {
            if (j%2 != 0)
                printf("+ ");
            else
                printf("o ");
            j++;
        }
        for(j=1; j<=i; j++)
            printf("* ");
        printf("\n");
    }

    /* Exit program. */
    return 0;
}
```

MEMORY	
Values of i	Values of j
-----	-----

Suppose this is the screen.

2. (5pt) Write a C program that asks user to enter a value for n from the keyboard. For example, suppose user enters 5 for n. Then your program should produce the following triangle.

```
*  
++  
***  
+++  
*****  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <math.h>  
  
int main(void)  
{  
    /* Declare variables */  
    int n, i;
```

3. (5pt) Complete the following C program that asks user to enter n from the keyboard and then approximately computes the value of π for the given value of n based on the following definition of π

$$\pi = 4 \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{11} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{1}{2n+1} \right)$$

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Declare variables */
    int n, i;
    double pi;

    printf("Enter the value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    /* Write a loop to compute pi using the above formula */

    printf("Approximate value of pi is %lf when n=%d\n", pi, n);
    return 0;
}
```

4. (5pt) Write a C program that gets the values of x (double) and n (integer) then computes the sin x based on the following formula.

$$\sin x = \frac{x}{1!} - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \cdots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$$