

HTML, XHTML, and XML

Tutorial 10

Programming with JavaScript



Thanks to the author of the textbook for providing these slides. I made slight changes/additions.

Turgay Korkmaz





Objectives

- Learn the history of JavaScript
- Create a script element
- Understand basic JavaScript syntax
- Write text to a Web page with JavaScript
- Learn about JavaScript data types

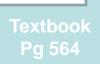


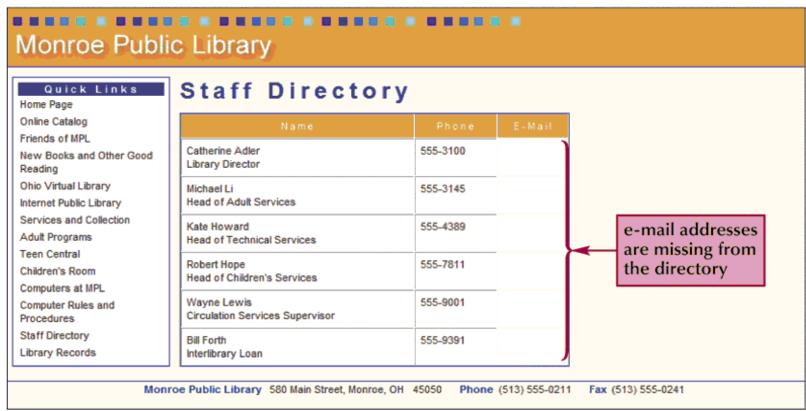
Objectives

- Declare and work with variables
- Create and call a JavaScript function
- Access an external JavaScript file
- Add comments to JavaScript code
- Learn about basic debugging techniques and tools



Tutorial_10/tutorial





Scramble the e-mail addresses within the HTML code, but they should be viewable when the page is rendered by a browser.... *Protection against E-mail harvester – spammer*...



Scrambling e-mail addresses

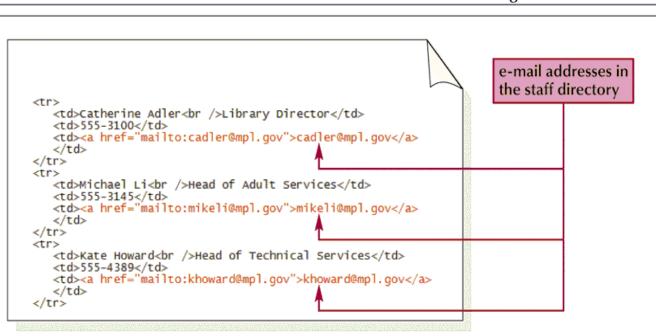
```
<script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("reldac","vog.lpm");
</script>
```

e-mail address scrambled with JavaScript, keeping it from appearing in the page code



the browser runs a JavaScript program to unscramble the e-mail address ...

Harvesting e-mail addresses



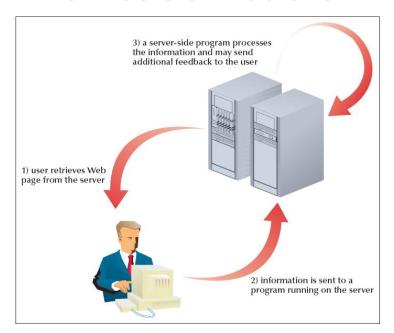


t the end user can view

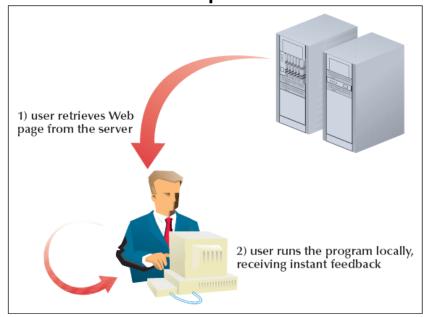


Introducing JavaScript

 Server-side programs are placed on the server that hosts a Web site



 Client-side programming runs programs on each user's computer





The Development of JavaScript

JavaScript is a subset of Java, but different in many ways

Java	JavaScript
A compiled language	An interpreted language
Requires the JDK (Java Development Kit) to create the applet	Requires a text editor
Requires a Java virtual machine or interpreter to run the applet	Requires a browser that can interpret JavaScript code
Applet files are distinct from the HTML and XHTML code	JavaScript programs are integrated with HTML and XHTML code
Source code is hidden from the user	Source code is accessible to the user
Powerful, requiring programming knowledge and experience	Simpler, requiring less programming knowledge and experience
Secure; programs cannot write content to the hard disk	Secure; programs cannot write content to the hard disk; however, there are more security holes than in Java
Programs run on the client side	Programs run on the client side

 Not as powerful as Java, but simple to use and meets the needs of most users

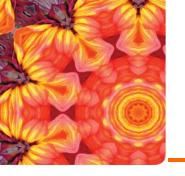


The Development of JavaScript

- Jscript is a version of JavaScript supported by Internet Explorer
- The European Computer Manufacturers Association (ECMA) develops scripting standards
 - The standard is called ECMAScript but browsers still generally call is JavaScript



WORKING WITH THE SCRIPT ELEMENT



Creating Script Element

- A JavaScript program can either be placed directly in a Web page file or saved in an external text file
- Insert a client-side script in a Web page by using the **script** element

```
<script type="mime-type">
   script commands
</script>
<script type="text/JavaScript">
   JavaScript commands
</script>
               New Perspectives on HTML, XHTML, and XML,
```



Inserting JavaScript into a Web Page File

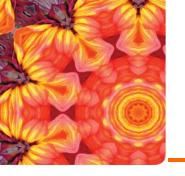
- When a web browser encounters a script element within an HTML file, the browser treats any line (statement) in the script element as commands to be run
 - Each statement—also known as a command—is a single line that indicates an action for the browser to take
 - The semicolon notifies the browser that it has reached the end of the statement
- Script elements are processed in the order they appear in the HTML file. The can be in the head or body section.
- If they are in body, the browser runs them as it loads the different elements of the Web page
- JavaScript commands created in one script element can be referenced by commands in another script element

```
Catherine Adler<br />Library Director
  555-3100
  <a href="mailto:cadler@mpl.gov">cadler@mpl.gov</a>
  /tr>
Catherine Adler<br />Library Director
  555-3100
  <script type="text/javascript">
   document.write("cadler@mpl.gov");
                                                   script to write content
  </script>
                                                   to the Web document
```

Staff Directory

	Phone	E-Mail	
Catherine Adler Library Director	555-3100	cadler@mpl.gov	•
Michael Li Head of Adult Services	555-3145		
Kate Howard Head of Technical Services	555-4389		
Robert Hope Head of Children's Services	555-7811		
Wayne Lewis Circulation Services Supervisor	555-9001		
Bill Forth Interlibrary Loan	555-9391		

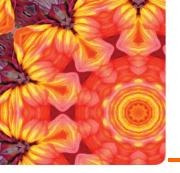
e-mail address inserted using JavaScript



Objects and Methods

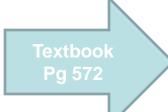
- In JavaScript, many commands involve working with objects in the Web page and browser
- An object is any item—from the browser window itself to a document displayed in the browser to an element displayed within the document (mouse pointer, scrollbar etc.)
- A method is a process by which JavaScript manipulates or acts upon the properties of an object

```
<script type="text/JavaScript">
    document.write("some text");
</script>
```



Interlibrary Loan

Writing Output to the Web Page



Staff Directory Catherine Adler 555-3100 cadler@mpl.gov Library Director Michael Li 555-3145 Head of Adult Services Kate Howard 555-4389 Head of Technical Services Robert Hope 555-7811 Head of Children's Services Wayne Lewis 555-9001 Circulation Services Supervisor 555-9391 Bill Forth

e-mail address inserted using JavaScript



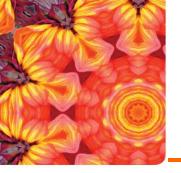
Writing Output to the Web Page

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Quick Links Home Page Online Catalog Friends of MPL New Books and Other Good Reading Ohio Virtual Library Internet Public Library Services and Collection Adult Programs

Quick Links Staff Directory

	Phone	E-Mail
Catherine Adler Library Director	555-3100	cadler@mpl.gov
Michael Li Head of Adult Services	555-3145	
Kate Howard Head of Technical Services	555-4389	



Writing Output to the Web Page

 To write text to a Web page, use the following JavaScript commands:

where *text* is the content to be written to the page. The doucment.write() and document.writeln() methods are identical, except that the document.writeln() method preserves any line breaks in the text string



Understanding JavaScript Syntax

- JavaScript is case sensitive: doc vs. Doc vs dOc
- Ignores most occurrences of extra white space
- Do not break a statement into several lines
- The + symbol used in the following command combines several text strings into a single text string

```
<script type="text/JavaScript">
        document.write("some text" +
   Some other text" +
"more text");
                           <script type="text/javascript">
                              document.write("<a href='mailto:cadler@mpl.gov'>");
document.write("cadler@mpl.gov");
document.write("</a>");
   </script>
                          </script>
                         New Perspectives on HTML, XHTML, and XML,
                                                                            17
```



XHTML my try to process <>& in JavaScript, to avoid this problem

<script type="text/JavaScript">

<! [CDATA [

JavaScript commands

]]>

</script>



SESSION 10.2 WORKING WITH VARIABLES

- A variable is a **named item** in a program that stores information
- Most JavaScript programs use variables to represent values and text strings



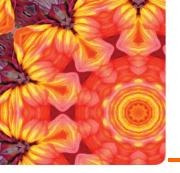
Declaring a JavaScript Variable

 You can declare variables with any of the following JavaScript commands:

```
var variable;
var variable = value;
variable = value;
```

where *variable* is the name of the variable and *value* is the initial value of the variable. The first command creates the variable without assigning it a value; the second and third commands both create the variable and assign it a value

You must declare a variable before using it



Working with Variables and Data

- JavaScript variable types:
 - Numeric variables
 - any number, such as 2, 3.4 etc
 - rather than year="2011";
 - String variables
 - · any group of text characters,
 - Must be enclosed within either double or single quotations (but not both)
 - Boolean variables
 - accepts only true and false values

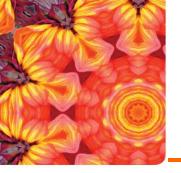
useIE = false;

name = "turgay";

vear = 2011;

- Null variables
 - has no value at all

link = null;



Working with Variables and Data

 Variable's type is determined by the context. So variables can switch type

```
Month = 5;
Month = "March";
```

- JavaScript is a weakly typed language
- The + symbol can be used with either numeric values or text strings

```
var total = 5 + 4;
var emLink = "cadler" + "@" + "mpl.gov";
```

How about?

$$x=5$$
; $y="4"$; $z=x+y$; text string 54, why?

```
Catherine Adler<br />Library Director
    555-3100
    <td>
        <script type="text/javascript">
  var userName = "cadler";
            var emServer = "mpl.gov";
            document.write("<a href='mailto:cadler@mpl.gov'>");
            document.write("cadler@mpl.gov");
document.write("</a>");
        </script>
    the value stored
                 <script type="text/javascript">
                    var userName = "cadler";
                                                                            in the emLink
                    var emServer = "mpl.gov";
                                                                            variable is
                    var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer;
                                                                            cadler@mpl.gov
                    document.write("<a href='mailto:cadler@mpl.gov'>");
document.write("cadler@mpl.gov");
document.write("</a>");
                 </script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
   var userName = "cadler";
   var emServer = "mpl.gov";
var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer;
   document.write("<a href='mailto:" + emLink + "'>");
   document.write(emLink);
   document.write("</a>");
</script>
```



Will you use the previous code for each individual listed in the staff directory?

When you need to reuse the same commands through your web page, you store the commands in a function!

JAVASCRIPT FUNCTIONS



Creating a JavaScript Function

- A function is a collection of commands
 - It performs an action and/or
 - It returns a value

```
function function_name(parameter values) {
    JavaScript commands
}
```

- A function name identifies a function
- Parameters are values used by the function
- The function is executed only when called by another JavaScript command
- Put all functions in the head section

JavaScript Function Performing an Action

```
Catherine Adler<br />Library Director
   555-3100
   \langle td \rangle
       <script type="text/javascript">
  var userName = "cadler";
          var emServer = "mpl.gov";
          var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer:
          document.write("<a href='mailto:" + emLink + "'>"):
          document.write(emLink);
          document.write("</a>");
       </script>
                     <title>Monroe Public Library</title>
link href="mplstyles.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" />
   <script type="text/javascript">
                        function showEM(userName, emServer) {
                            var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer;
                            document.write("<a href='mailto:" + emLink + "'>");
                            document.write(emLink);
                            document.write("</a>"
                                </script>
                                   Catherine Adler<br />Library Director
                   </head>
                                   555-3100
                                   <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("cadler", "mpl.gov");
                                      </script>
                             Ne
```



JavaScript Function Performing an Action

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```
Michael Li<br />Head of Adult Services
  555-3145
  \langle td \rangle
     <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("mikeli","mpl.gov");
     </script>
  Kate Howard<br />Head of Technical Services
  555-4389
  \langle td \rangle
     <script type="text/javascript">
        showEM("khoward", "mpl.gov");
     </script>
  Robert Hope<br />Head of Children's Services
  555-7811
  <script type="text/javascript">
        showEM("rhope", "mpl.gov");
     </script>
  Wayne Lewis<br />Circulation Services Supervisor
  555-9001
  <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("wlewis", "mpl.gov");
     </script>
  Bill Forth<br />Interlibrary Loan
  555-9391
  \langle td \rangle
     <script type="text/javascript">
        showEM("bforth", "mpl.gov");
     </script>
```

Name	Phone	E-Mail
Catherine Adler Library Director	555-3100	cadler@mpl.gov
Michael Li Head of Adult Services	555-3145	mikeli@mpl.gov
Kate Howard Head of Technical Services	555-4389	khoward@mpl.gov
Robert Hope Head of Children's Services	555-7811	rhope@mpl.gov
Wayne Lewis Circulation Services Supervisor	555-9001	wlewis@mpl.gov
Bill Forth Interlibrary Loan	555-9391	bforth@mpl.gov



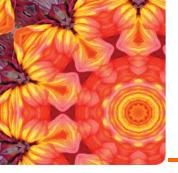
Creating a Function to Return a Value

 For a function to return a value, it must include a return statement

```
function function_name(parameters) {
    JavaScript commands
    return value;
}

function CalcArea(length, width) {
    var area = length * width;
    return area;
}
```

```
var x = 8;
var y = 6;
var z = CalcArea(x, y);
```



Session 10.3

Accessing an External JavaScript File

The code to access an external script file is:

```
<script src="url" type="mime-type">
</script>
```

 Place all script elements that reference external files in the document head

```
function stringReverse(textString) {
   if (!textString) return '';
   var revString='';
   for (i = textString.length-1; i>=0; i--)
       revString+=textString.charAt(i)
   return revString;
}
```



```
<script type="text/javascript">
  function showEM(userName, emServer) {
    userName = stringReverse(userName);
    emServer = stringReverse(emServer);

    var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer;
    document.write("<a href='mailto:" + emLink + "'>");
    document.write(emLink);
    document.write("</a>");

</script>

reverse the order
of the characters
in the userName
and emServer
parameters
```

```
Michael Li<br />Head of Adult Services
   555-3145
      <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("mikeli", "mpl.gov");
       /script>
   Kate Howard<br />Head of Technical Services
   555-4389
      <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("khoward","mpl.gov");
      </script>
  Robert Hope<br />Head of Children's Services
   555-7811
      <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("rhope","mpl.gov");
      </script>
   Wayne Lewis<br />Circulation Services Supervisor
   555-9001
      <script type="text/javascript">
showEM("wlewis", "mpl.gov");
      </script>
   Bill Forth<br />Interlibrary Loan
   555-9391
     <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("bforth", "mpl.gov");
      </script>
```

Name		E-Mail
Catherine Adler Library Director	555-3100	reldac@vog.lpm
Michael Li Head of Adult Services	555-3145	ilekim@vog.lpm
Kate Howard Head of Technical Services	555-4389	drawohk@vog.lpm
Robert Hope Head of Children's Services	555-7811	epohr@vog.lpm
Wayne Lewis Circulation Services Supervisor	555-9001	siwelw@vog.lpm
Bill Forth Interlibrary Loan	555-9391	htrofb@vog.lpm

text of each username and e-mail server is reversed

New Perspectives on HTML, XHTML, and XML, Comprehensive, 3rd Edition

Entering the reversed userName and emServer parameter values

```
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```

```
Catherine Adler<br />Library Director
  555-3100
  <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("reldac","vog.lpm");
     </script>
  Michael Li<br />Head of Adult Services
  555-3145
  <script type="text/javascript">
        showEM("ilekim","vog.lpm");
     </script>
  Kate Howard<br />Head of Technical Services
  555-4389
  <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("drawohk","vog.lpm");
     </script>
  Robert Hope<br />Head of Children's Services
  555-7811
  \langle td \rangle
     <script type="text/javascript">
    showEM("epohr","vog.lpm");
     </script>
  Wayne Lewis<br />Circulation Services Supervisor
  555-9001
  >
     <script type="text/javascript">
       showEM("siwelw", "vog.lpm");
     </script>
  Bill Forth<br />Interlibrary Loan
  555-9391
  <script type="text/javascript">
       showEM("htrofb", "vog. lpm");
     </script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
function showEM(userName, emServer) {

    userName = stringReverse(userName);
    emServer = stringReverse(emServer);

    var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer;
    document.write("<a href='mailto:" + emLink + "'>");
    document.write(emLink);
    document.write("</a>");

</script>
```

Name	Phone	E-Mail
Catherine Adler Library Director	555-3100	cadler@mpl.gov
Michael Li Head of Adult Services	555-3145	mikeli@mpl.gov
Kate Howard Head of Technical Services	555-4389	khoward@mpl.gov
Robert Hope Head of Children's Services	555-7811	rhope@mpl.gov
Wayne Lewis Circulation Services Supervisor	555-9001	wlewis@mpl.gov
Bill Forth Interlibrary Loan	555-9391	bforth@mpl.gov

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Commenting JavaScript Code

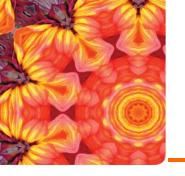
Commenting your code is an important programming practice

```
<script type="text/javascript">
   function showEM(userName, emServer) {
          The showEM() function displays a link to the user's e-mail address.
          The text of the user and e-mail server names are entered in
          reverse order to thwart e-mail harvesters.
       userName - stringReverse(userName); // reverse the text of the userName parameter
       emServer = stringReverse(emServer); // reverse the text of the emServer parameter
       var emLink = userName + "@" + emServer; // combine the text of userName and emServer
document.write("<a href='mailto:" + emLink + "'>");
      document.write(emLink);
document.write("</a>");
</script>
```



Using Comments to Hide JavaScript Code

Now all browsers can process JavaScript, so no need to worry about this...



Debugging Your JavaScript Programs

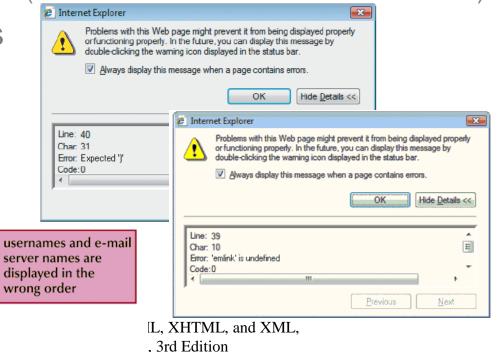
- Debugging is the process of searching code to locate a source of trouble
- There are three types of errors:

Load-time errors (e.g., syntax error, similar to compiler error)

- Run-time errors

Logical errors







Debugging Your JavaScript Programs

- Modular code entails breaking up a program's different tasks into smaller, more manageable chunks
- An alert dialog box is a dialog box generated by JavaScript that displays a text message with an OK button

alert(text);





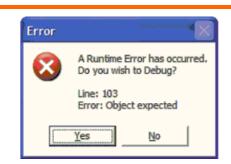
Debugging Your JavaScript Programs

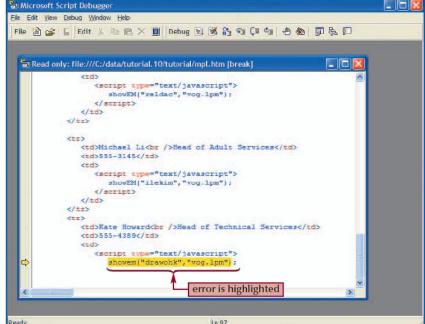
 Microsoft offers the Microsoft Script Debugger

Firefox also provides the Firefox Error

Console









JavaScript Events

http://www.w3schools.com/js

```
<html><head>
<script type="text/javascript">
 function displayDate()
   document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML=Date();
</script>
</head>
<body>
 <h1>My First Web Page</h1>
 <button type="button" onclick="displayDate()">
     Display Date</button>
</body>
</html>
            onLoad, onUnload, onSubmit, onFocus,
            onBlur, onChange, onMouseOver
```



JavaScript Tutorial

http://www.w3schools.com/js

JS Statements

Variables

Operators

Comparisons

If..Else

Switch

Popup Boxes

Loops (for, while, break ...)

Events

Try ... Catch

Throw

JS Objects (String, date, array, math ...)

JS Advanced